

**THE EDUCATION UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG**  
**Course Outline**

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**Part I**

<b>Programme Title</b>	: Certificate in Professional Development Programme for English Teachers (Saturday Mode)
<b>Programme QF Level</b>	: 6
<b>Course Title</b>	: Teaching Grammar in Context
<b>Course Code</b>	: ENG5401
<b>Department</b>	: Department of English Language Education (ELE)
<b>Credit Points</b>	: 3
<b>Contact Hours</b>	: 30
<b>Pre-requisite(s)</b>	: Nil
<b>Medium of Instruction</b>	: English
<b>Course Level</b>	: 5

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**Part II**

The University's Graduate Attributes and seven Generic Intended Learning Outcomes (GILOs) represent the attributes of ideal EdUHK graduates and their expected qualities respectively. Learning outcomes work coherently at the University (GILOs), programme (Programme Intended Learning Outcomes) and course (Course Intended Learning Outcomes) levels to achieve the goal of nurturing students with important graduate attributes.

In gist, the Graduate Attributes for Undergraduate, Taught Postgraduate and Research Postgraduate students consist of the following three domains (i.e. in short "PEER & I"):

- Professional Excellence;
- Ethical Responsibility; &
- Innovation.

The descriptors under these three domains are different for the three groups of students in order to reflect the respective level of Graduate Attributes.

The seven GILOs are:

1. Problem Solving Skills
2. Critical Thinking Skills
3. Creative Thinking Skills
- 4a. Oral Communication Skills
- 4b. Written Communication Skills
5. Social Interaction Skills
6. Ethical Decision Making
7. Global Perspectives

## 1. Course Synopsis

This course explores the rationale, principles and strategies for teaching grammar in context to better support English language teaching and learning in KS2 and KS3. It introduces a text-based, meaning-focused approach to grammar teaching, supported with a variety of classroom teaching strategies. The course will facilitate teachers in enabling their students to raise their grammatical awareness and understand grammar forms in terms of how they are used to make meaning in context, thus addressing such issues as language fluency, comprehension and accuracy in both a contextualized and coherent way. Teachers will analyse and evaluate samples of appropriate learning materials as well as adapt and design their own materials suitable for their students.

## 2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

*Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:*

- CILO<sub>1</sub> Analyse the effectiveness of current grammar teaching approaches and practices and develop an understanding of the principles and strategies for contextualized grammar teaching and form-meaning relationships (PILO1);
- CILO<sub>2</sub> Design and evaluate practical activities to support students' grammar learning (PILO2); and
- CILO<sub>3</sub> Strengthen both competence and confidence in the teaching of grammar in context in KS2 and KS3 English classrooms (PILO3).

## 3. Course Intended Language Learning Outcomes (CILLOs)

*Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:*

- CILLO<sub>1</sub> Further develop their grammatical awareness and competence.

## 4. Content, CILOs, CILLOs and Teaching & Learning Activities

Course Content	CILOs/ CILLOs	Suggested Teaching & Learning Activities
● Rationale for grammar teaching in a foreign/second language teaching context: the need for comprehensible input, noticing, comprehensible output and internalization (leading to automatised).	CILOs 1 & 2	Lecture, modelling, workshop, seminar, discussion, sharing.
● Principles for grammar teaching: purposeful and contextualised; form-meaning relationships, grammar as meaning making; thinking as a necessary part of learning (vs acquisition).	CILOs 1 & 2	Lecture, modelling, workshop, seminar, discussion, sharing.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● A text-based, meaning-focused approach to grammar teaching and strategies for integrating form, meaning, purpose and context e.g., contrasting comparable forms for different meanings, crossing out forms resulting in loss of meaning, different sequencing for different meanings, dictogloss, creating contexts (and meanings) for a form.</li> </ul>	<i>CILOs</i> 1, 2 & 3 <i>CILLO</i> <sub>1</sub>	Lecture, modelling, workshop, seminar, discussion, sharing, guided directed study, presentation, discussion, sharing, microteaching.
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## 5. Assessment

Assessment Tasks	Weighting	CILOs/ CILLOs
(a) A unit of learning for teaching a chosen grammar form using a text-based meaning-focused approach, including: a plan; and	50%	<i>CILOs</i> 1,2 & 3 <i>CILLO</i> <sub>1</sub>
(b) Presentation of individual poster illustrating a text-based, meaning focused strategy for grammar teaching, and peer feedback on others' presentations.	50%	<i>CILOs</i> 1,2 & 3 <i>CILLO</i> <sub>1</sub>

## 6. Required Text(s)

Nil

## 7. Recommended Readings

- Bailey, D., & Almusharraf, R. Finding satisfaction: intrinsic motivation for synchronous and asynchronous communication in the online language learning context. In: *Education and Information Technologies*. 26, 2563-2583 (2021)
- Biber, D, Johansson, S., Leech, G., Conrad, S., & E. Finegan. (1999). *Longman Grammar of Spoken and Written English*. London: Longman.
- Carter, R., & McCarthy, M. (2006). *Cambridge grammar of English: A comprehensive guide: Spoken and written English grammar and usage*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Chang, Shih-Chuan. (2011). A Contrastive Study of Grammar Translation Method and Communicative Approach in Teaching English Grammar. *ELT* Vol. 4, No. 2; June 2011. Canadian Center of Science and Education.
- Celce-Murcia, M. (2002). Why it makes sense to teach grammar through context and through discourse. In E. Hinkel & S. Fotos (Eds.), *New perspectives on grammar teaching in second language classrooms* (pp. 119–134). Mahwah, NJ: Lawrence Erlbaum.
- Christison, M., Christian D., Duff, P. A., Spada, N. (Eds). (2015). *Teaching and Learning English Grammar*. New York: Routledge.
- Collins, L. (2007). L1 differences and L2 similarities: Teaching verb tenses in English. *ELT Journal*, 61(4), 295-303.
- Cullen, R. (2008). Teaching grammar as a liberating force. *ELT Journal*, 62(3), 221-30.

- Curriculum Development Council. (2017). Language Education Key Learning Area Curriculum Guide (Primary 1 - Secondary 6). Hong Kong: EDB.
- Curriculum Development Council (2004). *English language curriculum guide (Primary 1-6)*. Hong Kong: EDB.
- Derewianka, B. (2011). *A new grammar companion for teachers*. Newtown, N.S.W.: Primary English Teaching Association.
- Ellis, R. (2006). Current Issues in the Teaching of Grammar: An SLA Perspective. *TESOL Quarterly*, 40(1): 83-107.
- Herbst, T., Schmid, H-J., Faulhaber, S. (Eds). *Cosnructions, Collocations, Patterns*. Berlin: de Gruyter Mouton.
- Hewings, A., & Hewings, M. (2005). *Grammar and Context: An Advanced Resource Book*. London & New York: Routledge.
- House, J. (2009). The grammar gallimaufry: Teaching students to challenge the grammar gods. *English Journal*, 98(3), 98-102.
- Jones, R. H. & Lock, G. (2011). *Functional grammar in the ESL classroom: Noticing, exploring and practising*. Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Larsen-Freeman, D. (2003). *Teaching language: From grammar to grammaring*. Boston, MA: Heinle, Cenage Learning.
- Maley, A. (2010) (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition). *Drama techniques in language learning*. (Oxford: Oxford University Press)
- Parrot, M. (2010). *Grammar for English language teachers* (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Rinvoluceri, M. (1984). *Grammar games: Cognitive, affective and drama activities for EFL students*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Shak, J., & Gardner, S. (2008). Young learner perspectives on four focus-on-form tasks. *Language Teaching Research*, 12(3), 387-408.
- Swan, M. (2017) (4<sup>th</sup> Edition) *Practical English Usage*. Oxford: Oxford University Press
- Thornbury, S. (1999). *How to teach grammar*. Essex: Longman.
- Wright, A. et al. (2006) (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition). *Games for language learning*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
- Thornbury, S. (2005). *Uncovering grammar: How to help grammar emerge*. London, Macmillan Education.

## 8. Related Web Resources

Nil

## 9. Related Journals

ELT Journal

## 10. Academic Honesty

The University adopts a zero tolerance policy to plagiarism. For the University's policy on plagiarism, please refer to the Policy on Academic Honesty, Responsibility and Integrity with Specific Reference to the Avoidance of Plagiarism by Students (<https://www.eduhk.hk/re/modules/downloads/visit.php?cid=9&lid=89>). Students should familiarize themselves with the Policy.

**11. Others**

Nil

24 Mar 2023